Noah Webster had a lasting impact on language in the United States. Before publishing his *American Dictionary of the English Language*, he produced a series of spelling books (one is pictured above) that dominated American classrooms for almost a century. He was a proponent of spelling reform, believing that more regular orthography would not only make learning easier, but more importantly, it would distinguish the American way from the British, "an object of vast political consequence" to a young nation. Some of his suggested reforms caught on and still mark a difference between American and British writing: he replaced "colour" with "color," "centre" with "center," "defence" with "defense," "plough" with "plow," "draught" with "draft," and "gaol" with "jail."

However, many of Webster's reforms went nowhere. Here are some spellings that didn't catch on—at least until the dawn of LOLcats.

- 1. Cloke cloak
- 2. Soop soup
- **3.** Masheen machine
- **4.** Tung tongue
- **5.** Greef grief
- **6.** Dawter daughter
- 7. Korus chorus
- **8.** Nightmar nightmare
- **9.** Turnep turnip
- **10.** Iland island

- **11.** Porpess porpoise
- **12.** Steddy steady
- **13.** Hainous heinous
- **14.** Thum thumb
- **15.** Gillotin guillotine
- **16.** Spunge sponge
- **17.** Ake ache
- **18.** Wimmin women
- **19.** Determin determine
- **20.** Giv give
- **21.** Bilt built
- **22.** Beleev believe
- **23.** Grotesk grotesque
- **24.** Stile style
- **25.** Neer near
- **26.** Sley sleigh